

URBAN DISTRICT OF ASHINGTON

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

and the

Chief Public Health Inspector

for the Year

1966



ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for 1966

To the Chairman and Members of the Urban District Council of Ashington

Mr. Chairman and Councillors,

I have the honour to present to you my report and that of the Chief Public Health Inspector for the year 1966.

Apart from a fall in the number of births, resulting in a reduction in the birth-rate from 16.14 per 1000 of the population in 1965 to 15.27 in 1966, the vital statistics are better than they were in the previous year.

The still-birth rate, the death-rate and the infant mortality rate are all lower than in 1965, the last named, at 12.92 per 1,000 live births, being almost certainly the lowest ever recorded in Ashington and certainly the lowest this century.

There were no deaths attributed to tuberculosis in any form and there were 53 deaths from malignant neoplasms compared with 68 in 1965.

The demolition of South Villas and the out-worn pre-fabs and their replacement by new Council houses, built to a much higher standard than formerly, greatly improved living conditions for many families. Altogether 222 Council houses were completed during the year, while 54 houses were built by private enterprise and 16 by cnother housing authority and 172 discretionary grants and 8 standard grants were approved to provide older houses with modern amenities.

The total number of discretionary grants approved up to the end of 1966 was now 2,088 and the total number of standard grants was 91, making a grand total of 2,179 grants since the inception of grant aid for modernising houses.

These figures represent a very satisfactory improvement in housing standards in the town but there is still a great need for housing suitable for those crippled in one way or another by ill-health or old age.

Finally I must say how much I appreciate the work of the Public Health Inspectors, the co-operation received from other officials of the Council and the continuing interest shown by the Council in the work of the Health Department.

I am, Mr. Chairman and Councillors, Your obedient Servant, C.B. McGregor, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. Medical Officer of Health.



OFFICERS OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Officer of Health

Assistant Medical Officer

C.B. McGREGOR, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

KATHLEEN DICK,

M.B., B.S., B.Hy., D.P.H.

Chief)
Public Health) Inspector
Meat)

S. MUSK,

M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Public Health Inspector (Meat)

S. GREEN, M.A.P.H.I.

Public Health Inspector (Meat)

J.S. GRAHAM,

M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

Offices of the Medical Officer

156, Woodhorn Road, Ashington

Telephone

Ashington 2287/3442

Offices of the P.H. Inspector

Station Villa, Ashington

Telephone

Ashington 2263/4

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SECTION A.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL COMDITIONS OF THE AREA.

The Registrar-General's estimate of the mid-1966 population was 26,360, which was a further reduction of 120 on the figure for mid-1965.

Owing to the continuing uncertainty about the future of the coal industry in the area the question of alternative forms of employment was one to which the Council gave a great deal of consideration during the year. The position was further aggravated by the disastrous underground fire which caused the closure of Lynemouth Colliery which had been looked upon as the pit with the most secure future.

The erection of the Council's and of the Board of Trade's advance factories, each of 10,000 sq. ft., began in June and in the same month the Board of Trade announced that it would build a second factory, this one to have an area of 26,000 sq. ft.

These measures are, however, the merest begining of what will be required to maintain employment if the coal industry, as seems likely, declines still further in this part of Northumberland.

| Area in Acres | 057 |
|---|--------|
| Registrar-General's estimate of resident population mid-1966 26 | |
| Rateable Value£74 | 10,695 |
| One Penny Rate Produces£2, | |
| Number of inhabited houses (end of 1966) | 085 |
| Total number of houses owned by Local Authority 2, | 365 |

(The figures in brackets are the corresponding figures for England and Wales)

BIRTHS

| Live Births. | Total | Male | Female | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| Legitinate Illegitinate | 370 17 | 176 4 | 194 13 | |
| | 387 | 180 | 207 | |
| Birth Rate per 1,000 of the estimated pop (Comparability Factor 1.04) Standard Birth | | | . 14.68 . 15.27 | (17.7) |
| Still Births. | Total | Male | Female | |
| Legitimate | 7 | 4 | 3 | |
| Rate per 1,000 (live and still) births . | • • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • • | . 17.77 | (15.4) |
| DEATHS | | | | |
| Autologia di carcigra | male | | | |
| 303 184 | 119 | | | |
| Death Rate per 1,000 of the population . (Comparability Factor 1.19) Standard Death Deaths from Puerperal Causes (Heading 30 of General's Short List) Pregnancy, Childbir Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 total (1) | h Rate of the Rea th, Abort | gistrar- | 11.49 13.67 (Nil Nil (0 | |
| Deaths of Infants under 1 year | Total | Male F | <u>emale</u> | |
| Legitinate | 5 | 5 | - | |
| Death Rate of Infants under 1 year | | | | |
| All infants per 1,000 live births Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate 1 Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitima | | | 12.92 (1 13.51 Nil | 19.0) |
| Deaths of Infants under 4 weeks. | Total | Male Fe | enale | |
| Legitinate | 3 | 3 | - | |
| Deaths of Infants under 1 week | Total | Male Fer | nale | |
| Legitinate | 2 | 2 | - | |
| Neonatal Mortality Rate (Deaths of Infantal,000 live births) | l week) . Deaths ur | ider 1 | 7.75 (1 5.17 (1 | |

The Registrar-General supplies the following:-

CAUSES OF DEATH, 1966.

| 1. Tuberculosis, respiratory | | | Male | Female |
|--|-----|------------------------------------|---------------|--------|
| 2, Tuberculosis, (other forms) 3. Syphilitic Disease 4. Diphtheria 5. Whooping Cough 6. Meningococcal infections 7. Acute polionyelitis 8. Measles 9. Other infective and parasitic diseases 9. Other infective and parasitic diseases 9. Other infective and parasitic diseases 10. Malignant Meoplasm, stomach 11. Malignant Neoplasm, lung, bronchus 12. 14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Meoplasms 13. Malignant Neoplasm, uterus 14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Meoplasms 15. Leukaemia, Aleukaemia 16. Dishetes 17. Vascular Lesions of Mervous System 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 10. Other Heart Diseases 11. Other Circulatory Diseases 12. Other Circulatory Diseases 13. Pneumonia 14. Bronchitis 15. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 16. Bronchitis 17. Vascular Lesions of Diarrhoea 18. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion 19. The Consense of Prostate 19. Hyperplasic of prostate 10. Other Defined and Ill-defined diseases 14. Ill 15. Motor Vehicle Accidents 15. Suicide 16. Homicide and Operations of War 17. Homicide and Operations of War 18. Homicide and Operations of War 19. Hymitis and Mephrosis 10. Congenital Malfornations 10. Congenital Malfornations 10. Other Defined and Ill-defined diseases 14. All other accidents 15. Suicide 16. Homicide and Operations of War | 1. | Tuberculosis, respiratory | _ | _ |
| 4. Diphtheria 5. Whooping Cough 6. Meningococcal infections 7. Acute poliomyelitis 8. Measles 9. Other infective and parasitic diseases 9. Other Malignant Neoplasm, stomach 10. Malignant Neoplasm, stomach 11. Malignant Neoplasm, uterus 12. Influent Neoplasm, uterus 13. Malignant Neoplasm, uterus 14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms 17. 13. Leukacmia, Aleukacmia 18. Diabetes 19. Tage 19. Tage 10. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System 19. Tage 10. Tage 10. Tage 11. Tage 10. Tage 11. Tage 11. Tage 12. Tage 12. Tage 13. Tage 14. Tage 14. Tage 15. Tage 16. Tage 17. Tage 18. Tage 19. Tage 10. Tage 10. Tage 10. Tage 10. Tage 10. Tage 10. Tage 11. Tage 11. Tage 12. Tage 12. Tage 12. Tage 13. Tage 14. Tage 14. Tage 15. Tage 16. Tage 17. Tage 18. Tage 19. Tage 19. Tage 19. Tage 19. Tage 10. Tage 11. Tage 11. Tage 12. Tage 12. Tage 13. Tage 14. Tage 14. Tage 14. Tage 15. Tage 16. Tage 16. Tage 16. Tage 17. Tage 18. Tage 19. Tage 19. Tage 19. Tage 10. Tage 10. Tage 10. Tage 10. Tage 11. Tage 11. Tage 12. Tage 12. Tage 12. Tage 13. Tage 14. Tage 14. Tage 14. Tage 14. Tage 15. Tage 16. Tage 16. Tage 17. Tage 18. Tage 18. Tage 19. Tage 19. Tage 19. Tage 10. | 2, | | - | - |
| 5. Whooping Cough 6. Meningococcal infections 7. Acute policinyelitis 8. Measles 9. Other infective and parasitic diseases 9. Other Malignant Neoplasn, stomach 12. I alignant Neoplasn, stomach 13. Malignant Neoplasn, breast 14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasns 17. 13. Infective Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasns 18. Coronary Disease, angina 19. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System 19. 17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System 19. 17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System 19. 17. Infective Malignant 19. Coronary Disease, angina 10. Other Heart Diseases 10. Other Heart Diseases 11. Influenza 12. Other Circulatory Diseases 13. Pneumonia 14. Diseases of the Respiratory System 15. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 16. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum 17. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea 18. Nephritis and Nephrosis 19. Nephritis and Nephrosis 10. Influence 11. Influence 12. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea 11. Influence 12. Other Defined and Thildefined diseases 14. Influence 15. Other Defined and Thildefined diseases 16. Influence 17. Influence 18. Influence 19. Influence 19. Influence 19. Influence 10. | 3. | Syphilitic Disease | - | - |
| 6. Meningococcal infections 7. Acute polionyelitis 8. Measles 9. Other infective and parasitic diseases 10. Malignant Neoplasm, stomach 11. Malignant Neoplasm, lung, bronchus 12. 1 12. Malignant Neoplasm, breast 13. Malignant Neoplasm, uterus 14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms 17. 13 15. Leukaemia, Aleukaemia 16. Diabetes 1 1 2 17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System 19 17 18. Coronary Disease, angina 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 10. Other Heart Diseases 11. Other Circulatory Diseases 12. Other Circulatory Diseases 13. Pneumonia 14. Bronchitis 15. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 16. Diseases 17. Influenza 18. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 19. Other Diseases 10. Bronchitis 10. Bronchitis 10. Bronchitis 10. Bronchitis 10. Congenital Mephrosis 11. Congenital Malformations 11. Congenital Malformations 12. Other Defined and Ill-defined diseases 14. Ill 18. Motor Vehicle Accidents 19. Molorice and Operations of War 10. Monicide and Operations of War 10. Monicide and Operations of War 10. Monicide and Operations of War 10. Other Defined and Operations of War 10. Monicide and Operations of War | 4. | Diphtheria | - | - |
| 7. Acute poliomyelitis | | | - | - |
| 8. Measles 9. Other infective and parasitic diseases | | | - | - |
| 9. Other infective and parasitic diseases - 10. Malignant Mooplasm, stomach 5 - 11. Malignant Mooplasm, bronchus 12 1 1 12. Malignant Neoplasm, breast - 4 13. Malignant Neoplasm, uterus - 1 14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms 17 13 15. Leukaemia, Aleukaemia 1 - 16. Diabetes 1 1 2 17. Vascular Lesions of Hervous System 19 17 18. Coronary Disease, angina 54 27 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 1 1 1 20. Other Heart Diseases 5 11 21. Other Circulatory Diseases 5 11 21. Other Circulatory Diseases 8 7 11 22. Influenza - 12 23. Pneumonia 10 8 24. Bronchitis 19 8 25. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 2 - 26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum 2 - 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea 1 2 28. Nephritis and Hephrosis 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | • | - | - | - |
| 10. Malignant Neoplasm, stomach | | | - | - |
| 11. Malignant Neoplasm, lung, bronchus 12. Malignant Neoplasm, breast 13. Malignant Neoplasm, uterus 14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms 15. Leukaemia, Aleukaemia 16. Disbetes 17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System 19. 17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 10. Other Heart Diseases 11. 1 20. Other Girculatory Diseases 21. Influenza 22. Influenza 23. Pneumonia 24. Bronchitis 25. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea 28. Nephritis and Nephrosis 29. Hyperplasia of prostate 20. Other Defined and Ill-defined diseases 10. All other accidents 11. All other accidents 12. All other accidents 13. Motor Vehicle Accidents 14. All other accidents 15. Suicide 26. Homicide and Operations of War 27. Gastride 28. Homicide and Operations of War 29. Homicide and Operations of War 20. All other accidents 20. Other Defined and Operations of War 20. All other accidents 21. All other accidents 22. All other accidents 23. Homicide and Operations of War 29. Homicide and Operations of War 20. All other accidents 20. Other Defined and Operations of War 20. All other accidents 21. All other accidents 22. All other accidents 23. Homicide and Operations of War 24. All other accidents 25. Suicide 26. Homicide and Operations of War | | | _ | - |
| 12. Malignant Neoplasm, breast | - | | | |
| 13. Malignant Neoplasm, uterus | | | 12 | |
| 14. Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms 17 13 15. Leukaemia, Aleukaemia 1 - 16. Diabetes 1 2 17. Vascular Lesions of Hervous System 19 17 18. Coronary Disease, angina 54 27 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 1 1 20. Other Heart Diseases 5 11 20. Other Circulatory Diseases 8 7 21. Other Circulatory Diseases 8 7 22. Influenza - - 23. Pneumonia 10 8 24. Bronchitis 19 8 25. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 2 - 26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum 2 - 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea 1 2 28. Nephritis and Hephrosis 1 1 29. Hyperplasia of prostate 1 - 30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion - - 31. Congenital Malformations - - 32. Other Defined and Ill-defined diseases 14 11 33. Motor Vehicle Accidents 5< | _ | | _ | |
| 15. Leukaemia, Aleukaemia 1 - 16. Diabetes 1 2 17. Vascular Lesions of Mervous System 19 17 18. Coronary Disease, angina 54 27 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 1 1 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 1 1 20. Other Heart Diseases 5 11 21. Other Circulatory Diseases 8 7 22. Influenza - - 23. Pneumonia 10 8 24. Bronchitis 19 8 24. Bronchitis 19 8 25. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 2 - 26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodemun 2 - 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea 1 2 28. Nephritis and Hephrosis 1 1 29. Hyperplasia of prostate 1 - 30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion - - 31. | - | | 17 | |
| 16. Diabetes 1 2 17. Vascular Lesions of Nervous System 19 17 18. Coronary Disease, angina 54 27 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 1 1 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 1 1 20. Other Heart Diseases 5 11 21. Other Circulatory Diseases 8 7 22. Influenza - - 23. Pneumonia 10 8 24. Bronchitis 19 8 25. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 2 - 26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum 2 - 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea 1 2 28. Nephritis and Hephrosis 1 1 29. Hyperplasia of prostate 1 - 30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion - - 31. Congenital Malformations - - 32. Other Defined and Ill-defined diseases 14 11 33. Motor Vehicle Accidents 4 1 34. All other accidents 5 4 35. Suicide 2 - | • | | • | |
| 18. Coronary Disease, angina | | | 1 | 2 |
| 19. Hypertension with Heart Disease 1 1 1 20. Other Heart Diseases 5 11 21. Other Circulatory Diseases 8 7 22. Influenza | 17. | Vascular Lesions of Mervous System | 19 | 17 |
| 20. Other Heart Diseases | 18. | Coronary Disease, angina | 54 | |
| 21. Other Circulatory Diseases | 19. | | | |
| 22. Influenza | • | | | |
| 23. Pneumonia 24. Bronchitis 25. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea 28. Nephritis and Nephrosis 29. Hyperplasia of prostate 30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion 31. Congenital Malformations 32. Other Defined and Ill-defined diseases 34. All other accidents 35. Suicide 36. Homicide and Operations of War 37. Homicide and Operations of War 38. Suicide 39. Homicide and Operations of War 30. Pregnancy of the Respiratory System 30. Pregnancy of the Respiratory System 31. 22 | | | 8 | 7 |
| 24. Bronchitis | | | - | _ |
| 25. Other Diseases of the Respiratory System 2 26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum 2 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea 1 28. Nephritis and Mephrosis 1 29. Hyperplasia of prostate 1 30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion | - | | - | |
| 26. Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea 1 28. Nephritis and Mephrosis 1 1 1 29. Hyperplasia of prostate 1 1 29. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion 20. Congenital Malformations 20. Other Defined and Ill-defined diseases 21. Ill 33. Motor Vehicle Accidents 24. All other accidents 35. Suicide 26. Homicide and Operations of War 27. In additional 29. Homicide and Operations of War 29. In additional | | | | 0 |
| 27. Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea | | | | |
| 28. Nephritis and Nephrosis | - | | | 2 |
| 29. Hyperplasia of prostate | • | · | | |
| 30. Pregnancy, Childbirth, Abortion | - | | | _ |
| 31. Congenital Malformations | | | _ | _ |
| 32. Other Defined and Ill-defined diseases 14 11 33. Motor Vehicle Accidents 4 1 34. All other accidents 5 4 35. Suicide 2 - 36. Homicide and Operations of War | - | | _ | - |
| 33. Motor Vehicle Accidents | • | | 14 | 11 |
| 34. All other accidents | - | | 4 | 1 |
| 35. Suicide 2 - 36. Homicide and Operations of War | 34. | | 5 | 4 |
| | | | 2 | - |
| Total 184 119 | 36. | Homicide and Operations of War | - | - |
| | | Total | 184 | 119 |

CHIEF CAUSES OF DEATH IN ASHINGTON

| Causes | Total Number | % of Total Deaths |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Diseases of Heart and Circulation Malignant Neoplasms Pneumonia and Bronchitis Vascular Lesions of Nervous System | 114 54 45 36 | 37.62 17.82 14.85 11.88 |
| Total | 249 | 82.17 |

INFANTILE MORTALITY

The following table gives details of the causes of death in the different age groups during the past year.

| | Under 1 day | 1 - 6 days | l week | 2 weeks | 3 weeks | Total under 4 weeks | 1 - 3 months | 4 - 6 months | 7 - 9 nonths | 10 - 11 months | Total under 1 year. |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|------------|--------|---------|---------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Prematurity | _ | _ | 1 | _ | _ | 1 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 |
| Cerebral Anoxia | _ | 1 | _ | _ | - | 1 | _ | _ | - | _ | 1 |
| Haemolytic Disease of the Newborn | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | _ | 1 |
| Pneumonia | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| Asphyxia (Inhalation of Vomit) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| Total | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | | 3 | 1 | _ | 1 | - | 5 |

The following table shows the comparative mortality rate during the past ten years.

| | '57 | ' 58 | 159 | 160 | 161 | 162 | 163 | 164 | 1 65 | 166 |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------------|-------|----------|-------|---------|--------|------|-------------|-------|
| Infantile deaths under 1 yr | - | 11 | 12 | 15 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 14 | 9 | 5 |
| Infantile nortality | 33.41 | 24.83 | 26.32 | 30.93 20 | 0. 98 | 17.69 1 | 5.42 3 | 2.04 | 21.89] | 12.92 |

SECTION B.

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Laboratory Facilities.

These are provided by the Public Health Laboratory Service at the Newcastle General Hospital and additional facilities are available at Ashington General Hospital.

The extent to which these facilities have been utilised is shown below:

| Specimens sent by | | Speci | men | Pos | Neg |
|---|----------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Medical Officer of Health General Practitioner Regional Hospital Board Physician | Faeces | ore | eathogenic ganisms " | 12 5 1 | 27 1 |
| Medical Officer of Health | Food f | or pat orgar | chogenic nisms | - | 1 |
| 8 Sensi | tivity t | ests v | vere carried | out. | |

Maternity and Child Welfare Services.

The County Council is the Local Health Authority and is responsible for the provision of these services. The Clinic is situated in South View, and there are regular sessions for infant welfare, toddlers, ophthalmic examinations and immunisation. Children and expectant mothers can also receive dental treatment there and relaxation classes are held for expectant mothers.

Ante-natal care is now entirely in the hands of the general practitioners, one of whom makes use of the premises for his clinics.

Ambulance Service.

This service is provided by the County Council from the Ambulance Station in West View, where 16 drivers are employed, working three eighthour shifts, maintaining a 24-hour service.

Meals on Wheels.

The Women's Royal Voluntary Service continued to organise and run the Meals on Wheels on behalf of the Old People's Voluntary Welfare Committee, with financial assistance from the District Council and the County Council.

During 1966, 2,826 meals were delivered to old, house-bound people in Ashington.

In addition, the Luncheon Club at Bothal Cottages provided 4,945 meals for old people in that neighbourhood. In this case the meals are cooked on the Club premises by teams of members of the W.R.V.S.

I am indebted to the County Organiser of the W.R.V.S. for the figures given above.

Chiropody.

This service continued to be greatly appreciated during the year and to play an important part in keeping the old people mobile.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR'S ANNUAL REPORT

Year ended 31st December, 1966

| | No. of inspections during | | No. of defects or contra- ventions of Byelaws. | No. of informal notices served. | Defects renedied by informa. action. | Defects renedied under Improvement Grant Procedure | No. of Statutory Notices served. | Defects renedied by Statutory action. | Legal Proceedings. |
|---|---|------------|---|---------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Housing. Structural Defects Defective food store Dampness Overcrowding | 654 | } | 271 5 182 | 56 5 28 - | 42 2 18 | 215 2 154 | - - - - | - - - | |
| Water supply. Insufficient Unsatisfactory | 91 |) | 6 1 | 6 1 | 5 1 | - - | - | - - | - |
| Drainage. Insufficient Unsatisfactory | 111 | } | - 4 | - 4 | - 4 | - - | - | - - | - |
| Sanitary Conveniences. Insufficient Unsatisfactory | 62 |)) | 23 | 21 | _ 13 | _ 2 | _ | - - | - |
| General Food Premises Dairies Slaughterhouses Tents, Vans, etc. Offensive Trades Keeping of Animals Offensive Accumulations Smoke Muisances Noise Nuisances Refuse Collection & Disposal Factories & Workplaces Offices & Shops | 655 655 56 5 12 54 23 14 711 69 513 | | 230 - 14 7 - 3 12 5 3 11 2 698 | | 31 - 14 7 - 3 12 5 3 11 6 224 | | | | |
| Total | 3688 | | 1477 | 1049 | 401 | 373 | - | - | - 1 |

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

General.

The abatement of nuisance was again achieved almost entirely by informal action, and it was not found necessary to serve any Statutory Notices during the year.

Inspections were carried out in connection with all Improvement Grant applications and necessary repairs were carried out before the grants were approved. These repairs have been included in the tables.

A total of 180 Improvement Grants were made during the year, of which 8 were Standard Grants and 172 Discretionary Grants.

Of the 8 Standard Grants, 7 were for owner occupied houses and 1 for a tenanted house, while for Discretionary Grants, 16 were for owner occupied houses and 156 for tenanted houses.

The Discretionary Grants made since the inception of the scheme now total 2088.

The total number of Standard Grants now given is 91 and the facilities provided by the 8 grants given during 1966 are detailed in Section D of the report.

No Improvement Areas were declared under the Housing Act, 1964, as systematic area improvement is still being carried out by the National Coal Board in co-operation with the Council. No representations by tenants for house improvement have been made under the Act.

No applications for Certificates of Disrepair under the Rent Act, 1957 were made during the year.

The table below summarises the notices served:-

| Nuisances dealt with and work required to be done | Verbal or Written Notices | Defects Renedied |
|--|--|--|
| Insufficient, choked or defective drainage Defective W.C. basins Defective W.C. cisterns & service pipes Defective water supply and lack of internal water supply Defective sinks and waste pipes and provi- | 4 14 9 1 | 4 7 7 |
| Defective or missing ashbins Defective roofs Damp walls Defective spouts Defective wallplaster Defective ceilings Defective doors, windows and floors Defective ranges, fireplaces and setpot | 2 42 147 39 13 95 89 | 2 40 139 37 13 91 88 |
| boilers Defective chimney flues Defective paving and yard surfaces Defective outbuildings Defective food store Offensive accumulations Other defects | 42 7 7 5 - 4 | 44 5 4 4 - 4 |

Water Supply.

The water supply to the area is provided by Tynemouth Corporation from Fontburn and Tosson to Hebron Reservoir, and by gravity main to Ashington, with an additional supply provided by the Coquet Water Board.

Work was completed during the year on laying a new and larger main into Sheepwash Village and new filtration plant was installed at Fontburn treatment works, which brought about further improvement in the colour of the water.

Further work was carried out to improve the supply to the Moorhouse Farm area, and the supply was generally found to be adequate.

49 water samples were taken for bacteriological examination of which 39 samples show no coliform bacilli per 100 m.l.

The remaining 10 samples were all taken from Bothal Village, and were part of a series of samples taken in various parts of the village to determine the source of contamination which showed itself in August.

The storage tank was shown to be defective and was emptied and repaired.

Following re-filling and chlorination, sample results returned to normal but constant checks will be necessary to ensure that further contamination does not occur.

Sewerage.

Preparation of the scheme to built a new sewerage system at Woodhorn Village was completed and application for Ministry approval was made during the year. It was hoped that work would commence early in the surmer of 1967.

The re-routing of the Black Close Sewer and the new branch to the Mospital area were completed during the year.

It is still intended that the main sewerage system be further examined, with particular reference to the two main storm water overflows at North Seaton Crossing and North Seaton Hotel.

There is nothing further to report with regard to sewage disposal in the Lintonville area. It should not be forgotten however, that while the cost of a sewage disposal system in this area would be high in relation to the number of people it would serve, there are still something like 80 persons employed there.

Swimming Baths.

The swimming baths belong to the Ashington Miners' Welfare Institute, but are available to the general public as well as to Institute Members, and are open from April to September each year.

The water used is from the main water supply and is treated by continuous chlorination and filtration.

Six bacteriological samples of the baths were taken during the year, and all samples were reported to be satisfactory.

Regular sampling and testing is also undertaken by the Scientific Department of the National Coal Board in Ashington and copies of the reports are made available to this Department.

This co-operation is much appreciated.

Schools.

There are 11 Primary Schools in the District (6 junior. and 5 infant) 7 Secondary Schools, a Grammar School, Technical College Sentors Practical Instruction Centre, and a Training Centre for Handicapped children.

A new County-Aided Roman Catholic Secondary School, St. Benedicts, was opened, and extensions to the Grammar School were completed during the year.

Work was also commenced on the first phase of the new Coulson Park Primary School, and this should be completed early in 1967.

Inspections of school kitchens were carried out as far as possible during the year.

Cinemas and Public Buildings.

Routine inspection of such buildings was carried out during the year.

Atmospheric Pollution.

The Council continued during the year to implement their policy of installing room heaters in Council Houses, and by the end of the year something like 400 houses were so equipped.

Although there is no doubt that the increasing number of these appliances are encouraging interest in the town in modern heating methods, it was discouraging to see that old habits die hard and that coal is still burned in these room heaters, resulting in many tarred, cracked and broken door glasses.

In spite of this it is an interesting exercise to compare the snoke from these houses, with that issuing from the chimneys of "normal" houses, and perhaps even more interesting to compare the clean chimney pots of smokeless houses with the soot encrusted pots of the coal burning houses.

It is a chastening thought that these comparisons demonstrate what is, and what could be, bearing in mind that this is the air we have to breathe and that our lungs have to cope with about 500 cubic feet of it every day.

Near the end of the year the Council agreed to designate their new estates at Newbiggin Road, Broomlee and Alexandra Road together with a new private estate in the same area, as snoke control areas and it was intended to initiate the procedure for this as soon as possible.

The monthly reports on results from the Deposit Gauge and Lead Peroxide Candles are appended for your consideration:-

| | | | , |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| Rainfall in Inches | Total Deposits Tons/Sq. Mile | per day res of S | Millinet- 0/3 per |
| | Hirst Park | - | |
| | | | : |
| 1.42 | 12.08 | 2.11 | 1.72 |
| 2.68 | 15.04 | 1.70 | 1.39 |
| 0.16 | 8.51 | 1.69 | 1.14 |
| 3.63 | 14.36 | 1.02 | 1.13 |
| 2.21 | 16.25 | 1.08 | 1.08 |
| 3.21 | 17.05 | 0.75 | 0.63 |
| 2.20 | 9.87 | 0.50 | 0.32 |
| 4.95 | 13.81 | 0.55 | 0.35 |
| 1.16 | 8.37 | 0.90 | 0.77 |
| 3.90 | 17.14 | 1.21 | 1.34 |
| 2.16 | 12.69 | 1.84 | 1.13 |
| 2.47 | 14.67 | 2.25 | 1.54 |
| | in Inches 1.42 2.68 0.16 3.63 2.21 3.21 2.20 4.95 1.16 3.90 2.16 | in Tons/Sq. Mile Inches Hirst Park 1.42 | in Tons/Sq. Mile per day res of S 100 Hirst Park Hist Park 1.42 12.08 2.11 2.68 15.04 1.70 0.16 8.51 1.69 3.63 14.36 1.02 2.21 16.25 1.08 3.21 17.05 0.75 2.20 9.87 0.50 4.95 13.81 0.55 1.16 8.37 0.90 3.90 17.14 1.21 2.16 12.69 1.84 |

Rodent Control.

Comparatively few complaints were received during the year and necessary treatments were promptly carried out.

Regular surveys of sewers, allotnents, open spaces and other areas likely to harbour rats were made, resulting in the elimination of most infestations at an early stage. No sewer infestations were found.

No infestation, either rat or mouse, reached major proportions.

The following table summarises the work done:-

| 1 | Type of Propert | .Y |
|---|------------------|--------------|
| <u> </u> | Non-Agricultural | Agricultural |
| Number of properties in district | 10,818 | 27 |
| Total number of properties inspected following notification | 164 | 10 |
| Number infested by (1) Rats (2) Mice | 95 42 | 10 |
| Total number of properties inspected for rats and/or mice for reasons other than notification | 357 | 50 |
| Number infested by (1) Rats (2) Mice | 15 9 | 3 - |

Disinfestation.

Treatments carried out were as follows:-

| | Council Houses | Private Houses |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Beetles Bugs Earwigs Spider Beetles Silver Fish Slugs Flies | 22 7 3 - 2 1 | 11 - - 2 1 2 |

No charge is made for the treatment of Council houses, though private occupiers pay for the Disinfestor's time and for the insecticide used.

There were very few complaints of mosquito bites during the year, and though all the likely pools were examined from time to time, no larvae were found.

Pet Animals Act.

One licence to sell Pet Animals was granted to a stall holder in the closed market.

Riding Establishments Act 1964.

There is one riding establishment in the area, and following the submission of the Veterinary Surgeon's report, the licence was renewed for a further twelve months.

Refuse Collection and Disposal.

The proximity of the Council tip to the main Ellington Road continued to demonstrate the unpleasing aspects of crude refuse tipping. While rat infestations were few, due to keeping open tip faces to a minimum windblown dust and paper provided an untidy and unpleasant spectacle, cause unconfortable working conditions and wasted countless man-hours on the dreary and unproductive job of cleaning up the hedgerows.

Tip fires too have been a problem caused by the thoughtless placing of hot ashes in bins, and more frequently, by irresponsible visitors to the tip after working hours. It is extremely frustrating to leave the tip in a tidy condition at night, only to find that it has to be dozed out again to put out fires, resulting in more untidiness and an enforced departure from the planned progression of the tip.

At the end of the year, we had almost completed the present section of the tip and were negotiating with the National Coal Board for an extension. The increasing volume of refuse is filling up tipping space much more rapidly, and this last section, about 8 acres, took only 18 months to fill.

With these factors in mind, the Council discussed other methods of disposal, and visited two refuse pulverising plants.

As a result, they decided in principle, on the provision of a refuse pulverising plant, and at the end of the year, full details and costs were being worked out.

711 visits and inspections were made during the year in connection with refuse collection and disposal.

Statistics and costs for the year 1965/1966 were as follows:-

Operational Statistics.

| Total refuse collected Percentage of refuse weighed Weight (cwts) per 1,000 population | 10,811 tons 7% |
|--|------------------------------|
| per day | 22.4 cwts. |
| collected | 9,323 |
| made at least once weekly Average haul, single journey, to | 100% |
| disposal point | 2.3 miles |
| Salvage - Waste Paper - Weight: Income: | 5 tons 18cwts. £50. 12s. 7d. |
| Trade Refuse - Weight:- Income:- | 925 tons £539.15s.0d. |

COSTS

| | Collection | Disposal | Total |
|---------------------------------|------------------|----------|-----------------|
| | £25 , 579 | £6,866 | £ 32,445 |
| Gross cost/ton - Labour only | 31/4d | 5d | 31/9d |
| Gross cost/ton - Transport only | 16/7d | 4/4d | 20/11d |
| Nett cost (all expenditure) per | ton 47/4d | 12/8d | 60/- |
| Nett cost per 1,000 population | £ 966 | £259 | £1225 |
| Nett cost per 1,000 prenises | £2744 | £736 | £3480 |

| Vel | nicle Reg. | Make | <u>⊇</u> | | 7 | Гур | <u>e</u> | | First Registered. |
|-----|------------|----------|----------|--------|------|-----|----------|--------|----------------------|
| EJR | 76 (Spare) | Shelvoke | & | Drewry | Fore | & | Λft | Tipper | registereu. |
| | | | | |] | Pet | rol | | 6.10.51. |
| EJR | 77 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 1.12.51. |
| | | | | | | Pe | trol | | |
| LJR | 136 | tt | 11 | 11 | tt | 11 | 11 | 1t | 11. 5.57. |
| | | | | | | Die | esel | | |
| PTY | 988 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | Ħ | 1.10.59. |
| | | | | | : | Die | esel | | |
| WTY | 163 | tt | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 7. 9.62. |
| | | | | | | Die | esel | | |
| DNL | 685C | 11 | tt | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 4. 1.65. |
| | | | | | | Die | esel | | |
| FJR | 608C | Austin | | | Mini | | | | 15. 6.65. |
| | - | Bristol | | | Doze | r | | | - |
| | | | | | | | | | |

EJR 76 was to be replaced with a new Fore and Aft Tipper early in 1967.

Staff consist of:-

1 Foreman; 5 Drivers; 1 Dozer Driver/Tipman; 1 Spare Driver; 20 Binlifters (including one spare lifter).

FACTORIES ACT 1961.

There are 30 factories and workshops in the district. The following table gives details of inspections made and defects found during the year under review.

1. INSPECTIONS.

| | Number | Number | of | |
|--|-------------------|-------------|------|-------------------------|
| Premises | on Register | Inspections | | Occupiers Prosecuted |
| l. Factories in which Sects. 1,2,3,4 & 6 are to be enforced by L.A. | 3 | 10 | - | - |
| 2. Factories not include in 1 in which Sect.7 is enforced by L.A. | 63 | 31 | tes. | - |
| 3. Other premises in whi Sect.7 is enforced by L. (excl. outworkers' premi | Λ_{ullet} | 15 | | - |
| Total | 80 | 56 | 40 | _ |

| | đ | er of cases efects wer Renedied | e found Re: To II.M | d i | o of cases n which pro- ecutions ere institu- |
|----------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|---|
| Want of cleanliness | - | _ | - | - . | _ |
| Overcrowding | - | - | _ ` | _ | - |
| Unreasonable temperature | - | - | - | - | - |
| Inadequate ventilation | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ineffective drainage of | | | | | |
| floors | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sanitary Conveniences: | | | | | |
| a) Insufficient | - | _ | - | - | - |
| b) Unsuitable or defective | | 6 | - | - | - |
| c) Not separate for sexes | | - | - | - | - |
| Other offences against the | he | | | | |
| Act (not including | | | | | |
| offences relating to | | | | | |
| Outwork) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 2 | 6 | - | - | - |

PART V111 OF THE ACT

OUTWORK (Sections 133 and 134)

| Nature | Sect | Lon 133 | | Sect | ion 134 | |
|--|---|---|--|---|---------|------------------------------|
| of Work | No. of outworkers in August lst required by Section 133 (1)(c) | No. of cases in default in send-ing lists to the Council. | No. of prosectutions for failting to supply lists. | No. of insta- nces of work in unwhole some premises | | Pro- sec- utio- ns. |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Wearing Apparel (Making et Artificial | | - | - | - | - | - |
| flowers | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 6 | - | - | - | - | - |

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT 1963.

Although twenty three premises were registered during the year, there was a reduction of twelve in the total number of registered premises. This was due to the thirty five premises which no longer came within the scope of the Act, either by closing down or ceasing to employ persons:

Of the 311 premises registered under the Act, 169 received a general inspection during the year, and at the end of the year, only 11 premises were yet to receive an initial general inspection.

513 visits and inspections under the Λct were carried out for various purposes.

The following tables show details of registered premises:-

| Class of Prenises | REGISTRATIONS Number of Premises registered during the year. | AND GENERAL INSPECT Total number of registered premises at the end of the year. | Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year. |
|--|---|--|---|
| Offices Retail shop Wholesale s & warehouse Catering establishme | s. 16 hops s. 1 | 60 238 5 | 28 135 3 |
| open to the public, can Fuel storag ots. | teens - | 5 3 | 3 - |
| Total | 23 | 311 | 169 |

ANALYSIS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN REGISTERED

PREMISES BY WORKPLACE

| Class of Workplace | Number of persons employed |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Offices Retail shops Wholesale departments, warehouses Catering establishments open to the public Fuel storage depots Canteens | 757 1226 28 69 18 13 |
| Total | 2111 |
| Total males | 852 |
| Total fenales | 1259 |

No applications for exemption in respect of temperature, sanitary conveniences or washing facilities have been received.

One exemption from the first aid provision is in force in view of the existence of a Medical Centre which is available to the employees concerned.

The following table shows details of contraventions found:Analysis of Contraventions

| | Analysis of Contraventions |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| Section | Number of contraventions found |
| 4 5 6 7 | Cleanliness |
| 9 10 11 | Lighting |
| 12 13 14 | Clothing accommodation |

| Section | Number of contraventions found. | |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| 15 16 | Eating facilities | <u>-</u> 124 |
| 17 | Fencing exposed parts of machinery | 30 |
| 18 | Protection of young persons from dangerous machinery | - |
| 19 | Training of young persons working at dangerous machinery | ٦ |
| 23 | Prohibition of heavy work | _ |
| 24 | First Aid - General Provisions | 63 |
| 50 | Posting of Abstract | 58 |
| Total | | 698 |

18 accidents were notified during the year. Details of these were submitted to the Ministry of Labour in the quarterly returns and in the case of Accident Nos. 3, 4, 11 and 14, formal investigations were carried out, and investigation findings submitted to the Ministry.

Two of these cases resulted in formal warnings, in one case informal advice was given, and in the other case no action was found necessary.

Again, most of the accidents appeared to be the result of carelessness, but it was still found necessary to remind employers and supervisors of their responsibilities under the Λ ct, on training and supervision of employees in the use of dangerous machinery.

Details of Accidents notified are as follows:-

| 1. Retail shop Janned hand in garage door. | |
|--|--|
| 2. " " Strained back lifting goods. 3. " " Cut finger while using electric slicing 4. " " Cut leg while carrying sheet of glass. 5. " " Cut hand on nail protruding from packin 6. " " Cut wrist on metal band around packing 7. " " Slipped and cut head on counter. 8. " " Stumbled against refigerator door and b | ng case. case. bruised neck. stock. back. nine |

Once again it was found that help and advice was readily available from Mr. J.M. Beattie, Deputy Superintending Inspector of Factories, ensuring that any action taken was in conformity with action taken elsewhere.

This assistance was particularly appreciated in relation to accidents and the guarding of machinery.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF HOUSING FOR THE YEAR 1966.

| Houses | completed | during | the | vear |
|--------|-----------|-----------------------|------|---------|
| CCD CD | | Calculation and all a | 0170 | A COT 8 |

| a) By Local Authority b) By other bodies or persons | 222 70 |
|---|-----------------|
| Closing and Demolition. | |
| Houses demolished in Clearance Areas Houses demolished not in Clearance Areas Houses closed, not demolished Any other houses permanently discontinued as | Nil Nil 1 |
| dwellings and not included above | 1 |

Repairs.

Houses made fit by procedure under either Housing or P.H. Acts.

| 5. | By informal action | 29 |
|----|--|-----|
| 6. | By owners, following statutory notice | Nil |
| 7. | By Local Authority in default of owners | Nil |
| 8. | Devolition Orders revoked after reconstruction | Mil |

Houses Patched.

9. Houses in Clearance Areas retained for temporary accommodation Nil

Clearance Programme.

10. Number of unfit houses in clearance programme remaining to be dealt with at end of year 186

Improvement Grants, Housing (Financial Provisions Act, 1958.and House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959.

| Discretionary Grants | Owner/Occupiers | <u>Tenanted</u> | Total No. of Separate Houses |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Applications receive 2. Applications rejecte | eđ – | 156 - 156 | 172 - 172 |
| 3. Applications approve | ea 10 | 130 | T [Z |

4. Approximate average grant approved per house £257.

5. Total amount of grant during the year6. Total number of applications approved €44187

since inception of scheme 2088

| Standard Grants | <u>Own</u> | er/Occupiers | <u>Tenanted</u> | Total No. of Separate Houses |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Applications | | 7 | 1 | .8 |
| 2. Applications | rejected | _ | _ | _ |
| 3. Applications | approved | 7 | 1 | 8 |

4. Approximate average grant approved per house £57

5. Total amount of grant during year £458
6. Total number of applications approved to date 91 £458

| 7. Amenities provided:- | <u>1966</u> | To Date |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------|
| a) Bath or shower | ı | 12 |
| b) Wash hand basin | 1 | 20 |
| c) Hot water supply | 1 | 17 |
| d) Water closet | 8 | 85 |
| e) Food store | 4 | 42 |

West End Redevelopment.

The District Valuer was conducting negotiations with the National Coal Board during the year, and it was expected that a settlement would be reached early in 1967.

17. SECTION E.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Ice Cream.

Eight premises in the area are registered for the nanufacture of ice cream though in only six of these was ice cream manufactured during the year.

They were all inspected and were found to comply with the Ice Cream (Heat Treatment etc) Regulations 1959, and with the Food Hygiene Regulations.

39 samples of ice cream were taken and submitted to the Public Health Laboratory.

The analysis of results is as follows:-

| | | Mobil | les | | P: | renises | 3 | 2 |
|-----------------|---|-------|-----|---|-----|---------|---|---|
| Grade | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | , 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Soft Ice-Cream | 2 | 1 | - | | - | | _ | - |
| Other Ice-Cream | 2 | _ | - | | 32 | 2 | | - |

Milk Supply

Three premises were registered as dairies and 57 persons as milk dealers. Since 1st January 1961, all milk licences have been issued by Northumberland County Council.

The County Health Department is also responsible for the taking of milk samples. 52 samples were taken during the year for bacteriological examination and three samples failed to pass the tests.

Food Shops and Food Preparing Premises.

The number of food premises by type, together with an analysis of washing equipment fitted is as follows:-

| Trade | Number of Premises | Number of premises fitted to comply with Reg. 16 (wash hand basins) | Number of premises to which Reg. 19 applies (sinks etc) | Number of premises fitted to comply with Reg.19 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Confectionery Grocers & General Butchers Greengrocery Bakery Ice Crean Parlours Fish Wet Fried Fish Cafes Hotels Clubs School Kitchens Canteens | 19 91 24 13 11 9 2 12 3 3 23 5 | 16 91 24 13 11 9 2 12 3 3 18 5 | 10 91 24 13 11 9 2 12 3 3 23 5 | 8 85 23 11 11 9 2 11 3 3 23 |
| Total | 224 | 216 | 215 | 201 |

110 premises are registered for the sale or manufacture of ice cream, and 31 for the manufacture of sausage, preserved food etc. and of these 7 premises are registered for both purposes.

655 visits were made to food premises, and in addition food premises being inspected under the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act were at the same time, dealt with under the Food Hygiene Regulations.

This accounts for the number of contraventions of the Food Hygiene Regulations found, which this year totalled 230. As work was being concentrated on initial inspections, most of these were yet to be revisited to check that contraventions had been remedied.

Food Hygiene standards were found to be quite high, the contraventions found being generally of a minor nature.

Food Complaints.

Fifteen food complaints were received and investigated during the year as follows:-

| | Complaints | Prosecuted | <u>Plea</u> | Result | |
|-----|------------------------|------------|-------------|----------------|----------|
| 1. | Needle in loaf. | Yes | Guilty | Fined £20. | |
| 2. | Mouldy sausages. | Yes | Guilty | Fined £10.and | l œssts. |
| 3. | Mouldy muffins. | Yes | Guilty | Fined £4 " | 11 |
| 4. | Adhesive dressing in | | | | |
| | Meat patty | Yes | Guilty | Fined £5. | |
| - | Nail in bread. | Yes | Not guilty | Fined £10 and | l costs. |
| 6. | Mould in Pale Ale. | Yes | Guilty | Fined £20 " | 11 |
| 7. | Part of nail in | | | | |
| | Swiss Tart. | Yes | Not guilty | Fined £5. | |
| 8. | Polythene in meat pie. | Yes | Guilty | | |
| 9• | Hair grip in biscuit | Yes | Guilty | Fined £5. | |
| 10. | Nail in bread. | Yes | Not guilty | Magistrates | |
| | | | found no | case to answer | · |
| 11. | Spider beetle larvae | | | | |
| | in cereal biscuit. | N_{O} | | | |
| | Fermented lemonade. | N_{O} | | | |
| 13. | Metal turnings in veal | | | | |
| | baby food. | No | | | |
| | Worm in Paella. | I!o | | | |
| 15. | Fungus beetle larvae | | | | |
| | in sweet confectionery | r No | | | |
| | | | | | |

In the last five cases, the Clerk did not consider that there was sufficient evidence to justify proceedings being taken, and the complaints were brought to the notice of the manufacturers and other persons concerned.

Food and Drugs.

Regular sampling of milk and other foods is carried out in the district by the Northumberland County Council.

Details of this work have been kindly provided by Mr.C.L. Arlidge, Chief County Weights and Measures Inspector, showing that 239 milk samples and 66 samples of other foods were taken and submitted to the Public Analyst.

All these samples were found to be genuine with the exception of the following:-

Milk - Four samples contained added water. The producer was prosecuted, convicted and fined.

White Coffee - Two samples from vending machines contained only non-fatty milk solids with added lactose. As the Public Analyst considered that a drink sold under this name should contain whole milk, the owner agreed to exhibit a notice stating that only skimmed milk was being used in the machine.

Chopped Pork with Ham - The ingredients were incorrectly listed and the canners undertook to amend the list when new labels were introduced.

The four slaughterhouses continued to operate and licence renewals during the year were as follows:-

| | | 1 |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Slaughterhouse | Occupier | Licence Expires. |
| Back Wansbeck Terrace Back Lintonville Terrace | A.I.C.S. W.J. Burgess & | 31st July 1967 |
| 17 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - | Sons Ltd. | 31st July 1967 |
| Wellhead Terrace Back 197 Alexandra Road | J. Wheatley T. Davidson | 31st July 1967 31st July 1967 |
| | |) |

Hygiene standards remained generally good and though minor defects appeared from time to time, these were quickly remedied. All four slaughterhouses were inspected during the year by the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. 100% Meat Inspection has been maintained, and the statutory procedure laid down by the Meat Inspection Regulations 1963, detailing methods of examination and starming has been followed. and stamping has been followed.

No charge is made for meat inspection.

Number of animals slaughtered during the year.

| | Bullocks | Heifers | Cows | Bulls | Calves | Pigs | Sheep |
|---------------------------|-----------------|----------|------|--------|--------|---------------|-----------|
| Normal Kill Casualties | 601 - | 378 - | - | - - | 3 | 1 03 8 | 2408 5 |
| Total | 601 | 378 | _ | - | 3 | 1038 | 2413 |

Meat and Other Organs Condermed, Surrendered and Destroyed for Tuberculosis.

| α | | |
|----------|------|--|
| S | wine | |

Heads

For other defined diseases.

Bovine.

| Hearts Skirts Kidneys Carcase | Abscesses 2; Actinobacillosis 1. Abscesses 13; Contamination 9; Pleurisy 51. Pentastones 1; Perihepatitis 1; Parasites 1; Cirrhosis (Whole) 15; (Part) 97; Abscesses 35; Peritonitis 1. Pericarditis 4. Peritonitis 3; Pleurisy 4; Contamination 1. Nephritis 2. Immaturity 1 (Weight 301bs.) |
|--|---|
| Swine Lungs Livers Hearts Pork Udders Carcase | Pneumonia 96; Pleurisy 59. Perihepatitis 9; Parasites 30. Pericarditis 55. Bruising (Weight 3 lbs.) Mastitis 1. Pyaenia (Weight 106 lbs.) |
| Sheep. | (|

Lungs Abscesses 3; Pleurisy 9; Pneumonia 15; Parasites 2. Livers Contamination 2; Abscesses 4; Parasites 46; Perihepatitis 5.

| Hearts | Pericarditis 7; Contamination 2. |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| Kidneys | Abscesses 2. |
| Heads | |
| Carcases | Oedema 2 (Total Weight 127 lbs.) |

Carcases and Offal Inspected and Condemned in Shole or in Part.

| | Cattle excl. Cows | Cows | Calves | Sheep and Lambs | Pigs |
|--|-------------------------|--------------|--------|-----------------------|----------|
| No. killed and inspected | 979 | - | 3 | 2413 | 1038 |
| All Diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticer Whole carcases condemne Carcases in which some part or organ was | | - | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| condermed Percentage affected wit disease other than Tub- | | - | - | 69 | 175 |
| erculosis or Cysticerci | 12.05 | | 33.33 | 2.94 | 16.96 |
| Tuberculosis only: Whole carcases condemne Carcases in which some part or organ was | d - | - | - | - | |
| condenned | | - | - | | 6 |
| Percentage affected wit Tuberculosis | n - | - | _ | - | 0.58 |
| Cysticercosis: Carcases in which some part or organ was condermed | - | - | - | - , | - |
| Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration Generalised and totally condemned | - - | · - | - | - | <u>-</u> |

Unsound Food Surrendered or Condenned

| 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. | Meat at Slaughterhouse Meat at Retail shops Cooked Meat and Meat Products Canned Meats Fish Fruit and Vegetables Other Foods | <u>tons</u> 2 | cwts 5 5 - 2 - 6 12 | 16 61 23 66 56 51 |
|--|--|---------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Total | 3 | 12 | 49 |

Disposal of unfit food is carried out according to circumstances and its character.

SECTION F.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

Hospital accommodation for cases of infectious disease is provided by the Regional Hospital Board at Walkergate Hospital, Newcastle upon Tyne.

CASES NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR

| | Under 1 year | l - 2 years | 3 - 4 years | 5 - 9 years | 10 - 14 years | 15 - 24 years | 25 - 34 years | 35 - 44 years | 45 - 54 years | 55 - 64 years | 65 - 74 years | 75 years & over | Total |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-------|
| Measles | 2 | 7 | 6 | 6 | _ | 1 | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | - | 22 |
| Whooping Cough | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| Food Poisoning | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | _ | - | 2 |
| Dysentery | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 2 |
| Scarlet Fever | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 ; |
| Total | 3 | 8 | 9 | 8 | _ | 2 | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | _ | _ | 32 |

The two cases of food-poisoning occurred at different time of the year and were quite unconnected, one being due to Salmonella Typhi-murium and the other to Salmonella Copenhagen. The source of the former infection could not be traced but the latter infection was acquired outside the district.

The two cases of dysentery were also unconnected. One occurred in a woman who worked in a hospital in another area where a number of patients had been affected and she probably picked up the infection there.

Diphtheria

This disease, fortunately, again failed to appear in the district and it has now been absent for 17 years. It is 20 years since the last death from diphtheria occurred but it should never be forgotten that this disease was a killer and could be, again, if it were to be introduced into an inadequately protected community. For this reason, immunisation must continue to be carried out as extensively as possible.

Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus Immunisation.

In spite of the prolonged freedom from diphtheria, the great majority of parents continue to accept immunisation for their children, and this is given to infants in the form of triple antigen which protects simultaneously against diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus. This is followed, at the age of 18 months - 2 years by a 'booster' dose of triple antigen and at $4\frac{1}{2}$ -5 years and again at 10 years by a 'booster' dose of combined diphtheria and tetanus antigen.

The record of immunisations completed is not, now, available for Ashington, alone, but refers to the whole of the Central Area of the County.

In the Central Area in 1966, 756 children completed a primary course of triple antigen, while a further 100 completed a course of diphtheria/tetanus injections.

In addition, 349 older children, not protected in infancy against tetanus, received a primary course of treatment with tetanus vaccine alone.

Re-inforcing injections against diphtheria were given to 1,928 children, against whooping cough to 720 children and against tetanus to 1,605 children.

Poliomyelitis Immunisation.

It is very pleasing to be able to report that for nine consecutive years no case of poliomyelitis has occurred in Ashington, the last case having been notified in 1957.

Undoubtedly, immunisation has been responsible for this welcome freedom from a dreaded disease and the campaign must continue to be actively carried out so that as many children as possible can be protected.

In 1966, the number of children who completed a primary course was 787, which compares unfavourably with the previous year's total of 1,154.

As a result, however, of the introduction of a re-inforcing dose at approximately two years of age the number of children receiving a 'booster' dose during the year increased from 1,028 in 1965 to 1,726 in 1966.

These figures refer to the whole of the Central Area.

TUBERCULOSIS

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1966.

| | Ne | Deaths | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|-----------|-----|---|
| | | Resp Non-Resp M. F. M. F. | | | | | | Non M. | Tot | |
| Under 1 year 1 - 4 years 5 - 14 years 15 - 24 years 25 - 34 years 35 - 44 years 45 - 54 years 55 - 64 years 65 - 74 years 75 years & over | - - - 1 - 4 - 1 | - - - 1 - - - | - | | - - - 2 - 5 - 1 | - | - | - | - | |
| Total | 6 | 1 | _ | 1 | 8 | _ | - | _ | - | - |

The number of new cases of respiratory tuberculosis notified in 1966 was 7, the same as in the previous year. One new case of non-respiratory tuberculosis was notified, a reduction of one on the previous year.

No death was attributed to any form of the disease.

The death-rate from respiratory tuberculosis in Ashington was Nil.

The corresponding rate for England and Wales was 0.043 per 1,000

The death-rate from non-respiratory tuberculosis in Ashington was Nil.

The corresponding rate for England and Wales was 0.005 per 1,000.

MALIGNANT NEOPLASMS

The following table shows the number of deaths from malignant disease classified according to the age and sex of the patient and the site of the primary tumour.

Mortality from Malignant Neoplasms

| Male | | | | | | | | | | | | Fenale | | | | | | | | ALC: N |
|---|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|---|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|---|
| Site of Original Lunour | l - 4 years | 5 - 14 years | 15 - 24 years | 25 - 34 years | 35 - 44 years | - 54 | - 64 | 77 | ears | al | 1 - 4 years | 5 - 14 years | 15 - 24 years | 25 - 34 years | 35 - 44 years | 45 - 54 years | 55 - 64 years | 65 - 74 years | 75 years & over | Total |
| Brain Eye Oesophagus Breast Stonach Pancreas Gall-bladder Colon Rectum Ovary Uterus Bladder Penis Lymphatic & | | - | | | | 1 - 1 - 1 | 32 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 2 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 | - 1 - 5 6 1 1 1 - 3 1 | | | 1 | | | | 1 - 2 - 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 2 | 1 1 1 4 - 1 1 1 2 - 1 1 2 |
| Haenatopoietic Tissues Not Known Lung | 1 - | - - - | - | - - - | - - | 1 - - | <u>-</u> 5 | - 7 | 1 - | 3 - 12 | - | - - - | - | - | - | 1 - | - 1 1 | 1 - | - | 2 1 1 |
| Total | 1 | - | _ | 1 | _ | 4 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 34 | - | _ | 1 | _ | _ | 1 | 6 | 8 | 3 | 19 |

According to the figures supplied by the Registrar-General there were 54 deaths attributed to nalignant neoplasms but figures available locally give a total of 53 deaths from this cause. In 1965 there were 68 deaths from malignant neoplasms.

In 1966 there were 13 deaths from cancer of the lung, a reduction of one on the number for the previous year.

The Registrar-General's figures have been used in calculating the death rates given below.

Malignant Neoplasms of Lung and Bronchus.

| Death rate in Ashington Death rate in England and Wales | 0.493 per 1,000 0.562 per 1,000 |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Malignant Neoplasms of All other Sites. | |
| Death rate in Ashington | 1.555 per 1,000 1.687 per 1,000 |
| Malignant Neoplasms of All Sites. | |
| Death rate in Ashington Death rate in England and Wales | 2.048 per 1,000 2.249 per 1,000 |



